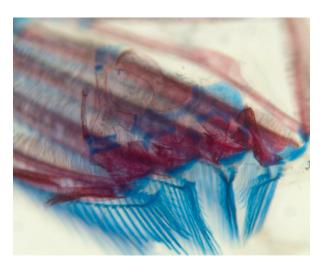


Topics

- Morphbank overview
- Images and Research Work Processes
- Ontology Integration







Early Exposure to Biodiversity Informatics

- The Friendly Book
 by Margaret Wise Brown
 ill. Garth Williams
 ©1954
- Includes
 - Morphology
 - Behavior
 - Ecology
 - Taxonomy
- Current version is missing 4 pages
 - I like bugs
 - Llike seeds
 - I like fish





I like bugs.
Black bugs.
Green bugs.
Bad bugs,
Mean bugs,
Any kind of bug.



A bug in the grass,

A bug on the sidewalk,

A bug in a glass,

I like bugs.

Round bugs,

Shiny bugs,

Fat bugs,

Buggy bugs,

Big bugs,

Ladybugs,

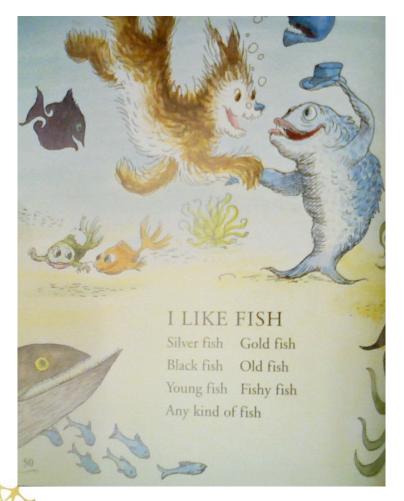
I like bugs!

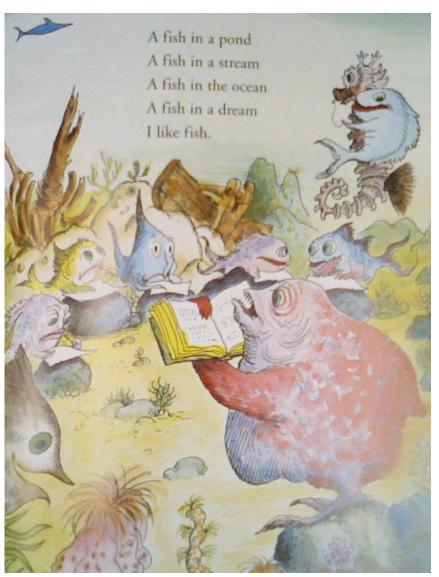
by Margaret Wise Brown





Early exposure to biodiversity info

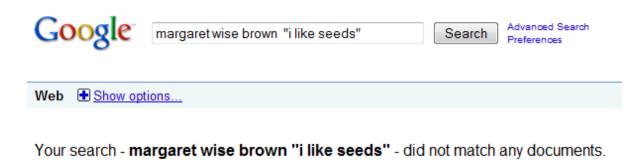






From Friendly Stories by Margaret Wise Brown

"I like seeds" has disappeared



Suggestions:

- · Make sure all words are spelled correctly.
- · Try different keywords.
- Try more general keywords.
- · Try fewer keywords.





Topics

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Morphbank Project

- Repository of images of organisms
 - 220,000 images so far
 - Each image has a context:
 - Specimen, taxon, locality, specimen part, view angle, etc.
- Repository of information related to the images
 - Specimens, localities, users, groups, taxa, annotations, collections
 - Owner, group, date, permissions
 - Unique identity for each object
- All objects are connected through collections and associations (aka annotations)







_

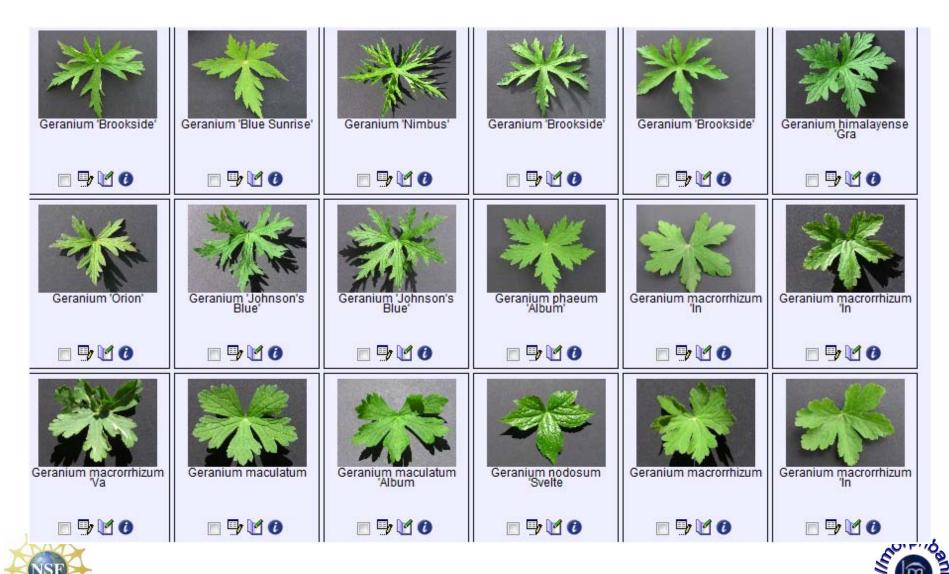
Why is Morphbank Successful?

- Create value for users
 - Actively adapt system to needs of users
 - Give users credit for contribution
- Support for contributors
 - Hire people who like people
 - Make sure that anyone who wants to give us content is made welcome
 - Help contributors to understand metadata standards and the value of data

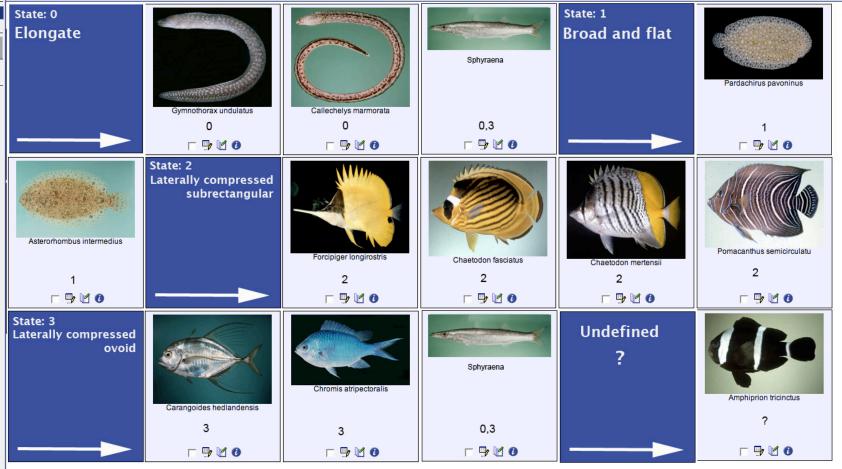




Sorting Images by Observed Features



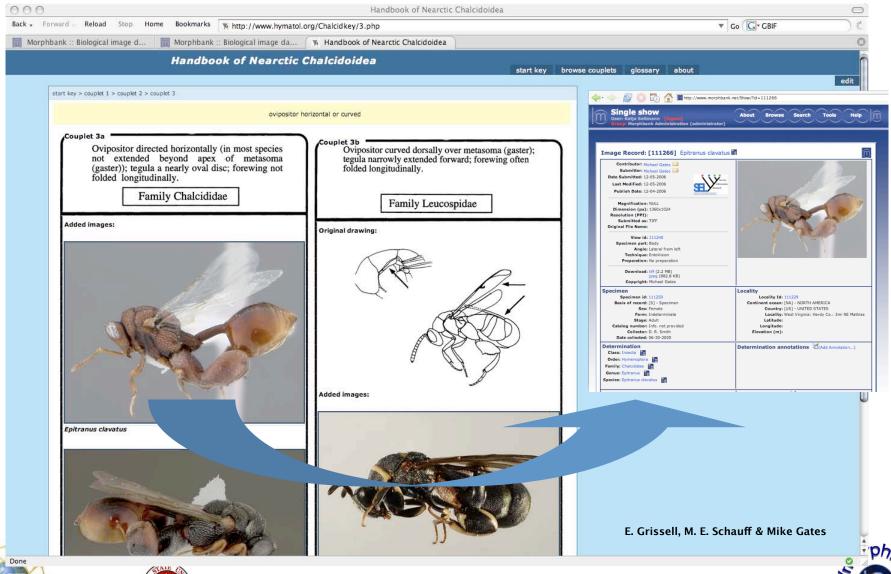
Defining a Character and its States







Linking to Morphbank Images



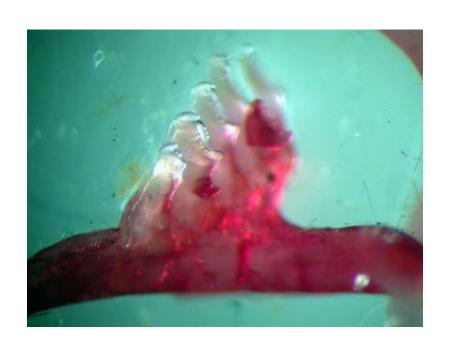


Upload of Images and Metadata

- Web site for small number of images
- Bulk insertion
 - Organize metadata
 - Present in excel or xml
 - Organize images
 - Attach to metadata
 - Send info to Morphbank
 - Via ftp and/or service interface







Other People's Software

- NIMBY (not in my backyard)
 Software
 - I'd love to use your software as long as I don't have to maintain it.
 - Invest in standards that allow other people's software to enhance my infrastructure















http://services.morphbank.net/mb2/request?method=search&objecttype=5

Search Maps | Show search options

Find businesses, addresses and places of interest. Learn more.

Get Directions My Maps

Some content has been hidden Zoom to see more

Save to My Maps

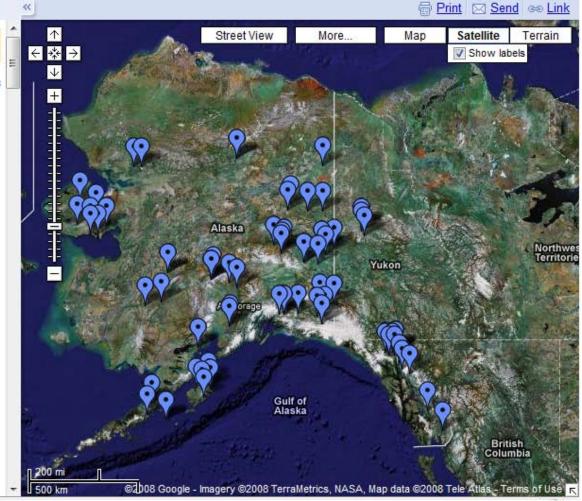
Keyword query

Search Results for keywords 'alaska' object types Specimen number of matches 55141 number returned 100 all objects are geolocated





- Arctagrostis latifolia var. arundinacea with id 140450
- Arctagrostis latifolia var. arundinacea with id 140456
- Arctagrostis latifolia var. arundinacea with id 140460
- Arctagrostis latifolia var. arundinacea with id 140464
- Arctagrostis latifolia var. arundinacea with id 140470







Live Examples From Service API

- Interface with image tools
 - mediarss
- Interface with RSS Readers
 - Find by keyword
 - Find recent changes
- Interface with Google maps
 - Georss
- Import and export with XML





Controlled Vocabulary in Morphbank



- Each image has a specimen and a view
 - Specimen has Darwin Core fields
 - Taxon, sex, form, preparation type, ...
 - View has fields that describe what you see
 - specimen part, view angle, sex, imaging technique, imaging preparation type
- Field values create a controlled vocabulary for describing image content
- Search for keywords within vocabulary
 - geranium (taxon)
 - leaf (specimen part)
 - adaxial (view angle)





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Morphology Work Processes

- What did Linnaeus do?
 - Collected specimens
 - Examined and described features
 - Created illustrations with annotations
 - Catalogued features and separated specimens
- What has changed?
 - How has the process been improved?
 - What are new work processes?





Morphology Publication Example

Head, anterior view, female

- [Modified from R1] Shape of ventral part of clypeus: (a) rounded, broadly projecting over mandibles (Fig. R8); (b) not projecting from cranial margin or slightly and narrowly projecting medially (Fig. R7). (CI = 0.20, RI = 0.67)
- Shape of projecting ventral clypeal margin: (a) straight or rounded (not illustrated); (b) with a median incision (Fig. R8). (CI = 0.29, RI = 0.29)
- 3. [= R2] (CI = 1.00, RI = 1.00)
- Direction of clypeo-pleurostomal lines: (a) ventrally diverging (Fig. R8); (b) ventrally converging (Fig. R7a). (CT = 0.33, RI = 0.67)
- 5. [= R3] (CI = 0.17, RI = 0.38)

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| ababb | - | а |

| | | Character | | | | | |
|----------------|----|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Taxon | | 1 | 6 | 11 | 16 | 21 | |
| Synergus | 1 | b-b-b | aaaaa | aaaca | cbbac | ababb | |
| Periclistus | 2 | b-b-b | aaaaa | aaaca | cbbac | ababb | |
| Ceroptres | 3 | b-b-b | aaaba | aaaca | cbaac | ababb | |
| Synophromorpha | 4 | b-b-a | aaaba | aaacb | -baab | abaab | |
| Xestophanes | 5 | b-b-a | aaaba | aaabb | -ba-b | baaab | |
| Diastrophus | 6 | abb-b | ababa | aaacb | −ba−c | baaab | |
| Gonaspis | 7 | b-b-b | aaaba | aaabb | −ba−c | baaab | |
| Liposthenes | 8 | abaaa | adaaa | ababa | ccaca | aaaab | |
| Au. kerneri | 9 | aaaab | acaaa | aaaba | b???? | ????? | |
| Cecconia | 10 | b-aba | baaaa | aaaba | a???? | ????? | |
| Antistrophus | 11 | b-aba | bcaaa | a?aba | ababa | aaabb | |
| Rhodus | 12 | b-aba | aaaaa | aaaaa | a???? | ????? | |
| Hedickiana | 13 | b–aba | baaaa | aaaaa | a???? | ?a??b | |





CTOL Images

- Apparent work process
 - Collect
 - Image
 - Annotate







CTOL in Morphbank

renal system

Image Record: [460879] Gyrinocheilus aymonieri Contributor: Cypriniform Tree of Life Submitter: Paula Mabee Date Submitted: 2008-09-08 Last Modified: 2009-06-08 **BioPortal Projects All Mappings** Search All Resources Browse Annotate **CToLDate** Alpha CToLSu Teleost anatomy and development Ma Teleost anatomy and development Version 1.78 ceratobranchial 5 tooth | Link Here | Subscribe Dime Resolu Su Details Visualization Notes Mappings Resources alpha View Ontology Details Original Go Jump To: TAO:0000694 ID: Pho mbryonic structure The tips of the ceratobranchial5 teeth form before the ceratobranchial itself female organism (3.0 mm NL). As they grow ventrally, they meet the perichondrally ossified male organism Spec Definition: surface of ceratobranchial5 and become firmly ankylosed to the bone. anatomical system Ceratobranchial teeth are the only teeth present in zebrafish and other nervous system cypriniforms. musculature system Database References: ZFIN Develops From: dental organ iver and biliary syste pharvnx Part Of: immune system ceratobranchial 5 bone hematopoietic system "pharyngeal teeth" Exact Synonym: endocrine system respiratory system Is A: tooth



Spider ATOL Workflow

- Spider ATOL: 35000 images organized according to genus and anatomy
- Purpose of images
 - Illustrate the matrix
 - Or populate the matrix with values, according to information in images

Workflow:

- Define "standard views" based on presentation of features in the literature
- Define characters and associate with standard views
- Acquire an image for each view, for each genus
- Add images to matrix of genus x character
- Add values to matrix with assistance from images







Online Work Process

- Collect and digitize specimens
- Catalog metadata and images
 - Add to online digital repositories ASAP
 - Protect digital information from outsiders
- Annotate images
- Create phenome descriptions
 - Extend ontology
 - Annotate anatomy
- Share online among collaborators





Advantages of Online Workflow

- Illustration of
 - matrix, phenomes, morphology
- Integrity of work process/provenance
- Active sharing among collaborators
- Smooth transition to publication and archiving
- Fitness for use: Bob Morris quote:
 - We are coming to love the phrase "fitness for use". In a sense, it should be the only thing that matters for science. In the end, science is about falsification of hypotheses. You have a model and you have some data. Your question is always of the form "Does data D falsify hypothesis H and was it actually data fit for that purpose?"







Topics

- Morphbank overview
- Images and Research Work Processes
- Ontology Integration
 - The next project for Morphbank







Morphontify

- Specify (Beach, U. Kansas)
 - Specimen management
 - Desktop tool for specimen metadata management
- Morphster and Ontobrowser (Miranker, U. Texas)
 - Ontology Management for Phylogenetics
 - Extension of ontology to incorporate annotations
- Integration of Specify, Morphster and Morphbank
 - Searching for images using ontology terms
 - Linking images and other digital objects to ontology terms
 - Access to information from any user interface









What's New

- 07/17/2009 6.0.9 Update, Stretchy or Stiff, and WorkBench
- 07/01/2009 Next Release and News
- 06/11/2009 Specify Converter, WorkBench and GBIF's IPT
- 05/29/2009 New Release 6.0.07
- ▶ 05/19/2009 Settling Down
- 05/07/2009 Specify update and other news
- 05/05/2009 Another Specify 6 Update this week

Specify 6 Database Schema

Graphical Version

Welcome to Specify 6

The Specify Software Project is delighted to announce the availability of Specify 6, a museum and herbarium collections data management system for Windows, Mac OS X, and Linux. Specify 6 processes specimen information for computerizing holdings, for tracking collection management transactions, and for mobilizing species occurrence data to the internet. Specify 6 was released on April 10, 2009, it is free and open source licensed.

Specify 6 has an intuitive user interface and highly-customizable data forms aimed at streamlining routine collections data tasks while preparing and validating collection information for research analysis. Specify has numerous features including robust support for paleontological data, field notebooks, file attachments, GUIDs, hierarchical storage locations, data uploads through the Specify Workbench and Excel, repository agreements, accession logging, conservation treatments, collection object containers, along with numerous additional functions. Specify 6 supports the use of record sets for various types of processing, such as georeferencing with GEOLocate, label and report printing, and importing and exporting, and Specify's data model now handles all institutional collections within a single database for simplified administration.





Morphster Project

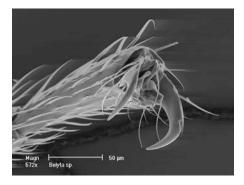


- Dan Miranker at U. Texas at Austin
 - Ferner Cilloniz and other students
 - NSF funding
- Morphster is an ontology management system
 - Desktop application
 - Import and transform various ontology representations
 - Image annotation
- Ontobrowser is a Web site
 - Browse ontology terms
 - Illustrate ontology terms with images





Illustration of Ontology



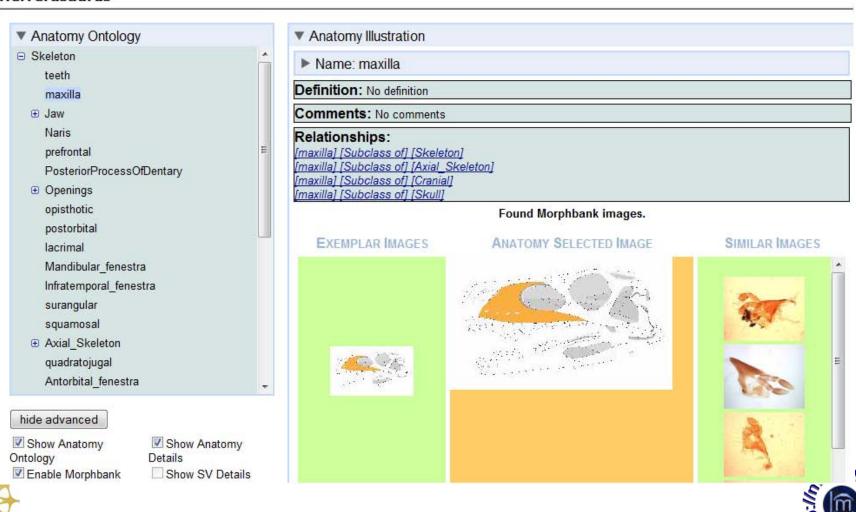
- Associate feature that can be seen in an image with ontology terms that describe the image
 - Area of interest in the image
 - Terms that describe anatomy, shape, etc.
- Replace
 - The (un) controlled vocabulary of Morphbank
 - With the controlled vocabulary of Morphster
- Resulting system is
 - Better for users because it is illustrated
 - Better for harvesters because it is precise

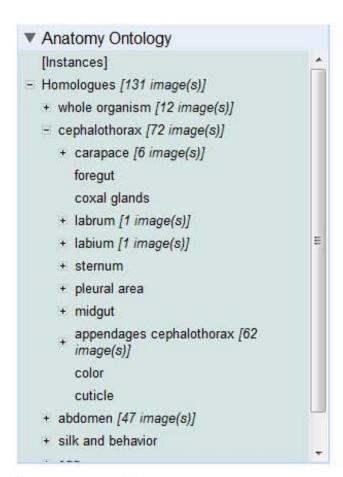


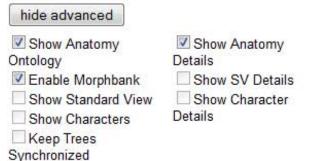


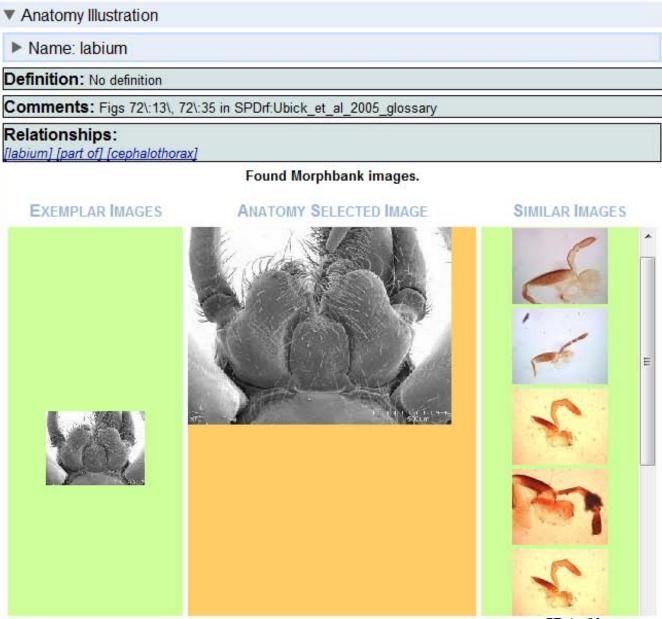
Ontobrowser with Morphbank

Herrerasaurus





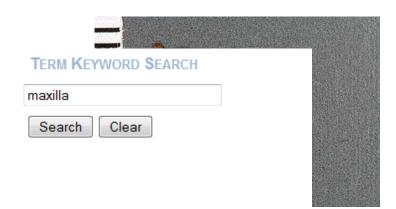




riccardi@ci.fsu.edu







- http://www.morphster.org:8
 OntobrowserV3/
- An example search:
 - Select ontology Herrerasaurus
 - Click the "Show Advance" butt"Enable-> Morphbank".
 - Go to the "Term Keyword Search" on the right and search for maxilla.



Anatomy Ontology Results



